B. A. Semester First.

Subject- History,

History of India from Earliest Time to 1200 A. D.

Unit I-

History- its Concept, nature, scope and significance. Survey of sources. Indian Pre historic age.

Unit II-

saraswati / Sindhu Civilization (Harapan Civilizatoin)- origin, extent & decline. saraswati / Sindhu Civilization- Social, Economic & Cultural life, Vadic Culture-Society Polity, economy, culture and religion.

Unit III-

Sixteen Mahajanpads , Rise of new religious movement in North India. Buddhism and Jainism – its principles, rise and fall: The Mauryan Empire- Administration and economy , Ashoka's "Dhamma" Mauryan art and Architecture.

Unit IV-

Gupta Empire- Political, social, economic and cultural life. Harsha Verdhan and his times. Important dynasties of the north. Social Economic and Cultural conditions during Gurjar Pritihar, Kalchuries, Chandelas and Permaras age.

Unit V-

Important dynasties of south; Rastakutas, cholas, Pallavas and chalukyas- socio-economic and cultural life. Sangam Age India's relations with South East Asian countries, Arab invasion- Mohmmd bin Qasim:- Mahmud Gazanavi and Mohammd Ghori-Its impact.

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B. A. Semester Second.

Subject- History,

Western World (Mid 15th Century to 1870)

Unit -1

The Beginning of Modern Era- Renaissance, Decline of Feudalism. Reformation and Counter Reformation .- Rise of the Absolute State – Spain, France and Britain.

Unit-2

Economic Revolution of the Modern West- Mercantilism and commercial Revolution. Beginning of Colonialism. Industrial Revolution and Emergence of New Social Class.

Unit-3

Glorious Revolution of 1688 A.D., American Revolution .(1776 A.D.)- Nature, Causes and Impact. French Revolution (1789), Nature, Causes and Results.

Unit-4

Age of Napoleon Bonaparte- Rise and Fall , Vienna Congress(1815), Age of Metternich, Concert of Europe, Eastern Question up to Crimean war.

Unit-5

Age of Conservatism, European exploitation of Asia and Africa, liberalism in England- Act of 1832 and Chartist Movement, Act 1867 AD, Nepolion III. Unification of Italy. Unification of Germany.

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B.A Semester Third

Subject- History

Sultanate Period 1200 to 1739 A.D.

Unit -1

Sources of Medieval Indian History. Foundation and Consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate - Qutubuddin Aibak, Iltutmish. Razia Sultana and Balban. Alauddin Khalji - His conquests and reforms.

Unit -2

Mohammad bin Tughluq and Firuz Shah Tughluq. Disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate, Vijayanager and Bahmani Kingdoms. Timur's invasion and its impact. Invasion of the Mughals, Babur and Humayun, Sher Shah Suri.

Unit -3

Akbar- Consolidation and terriotorial expansion of the Mughal empire, his Religious and Rjput Policy. Jahangir, Shahjahan, Mughal Sikh relations. Rise of Marathas, Shivaji- His conquests and administration. Aurangzeb and the decline of the Mughal empire, Nadir Shah's invasion and its impact.

Unit -4

Socio-religious life during the Sultanate period-Bhakti and Sufi movements. Economic life during Sultanate period, Agriculture Industry and Trade. 6hrs Administrative system.

Unit -5

Mughl administration and institutions. Mansabdari System. Social and religious life, Status of women. Economic life, Agriculture, Trade and Commerce Architecture.

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B.A Semester Fourth

Subject- History

Main Currents Of World History, From 1871 to 1945 AD

Unit -1

Third Republic of France. Internal and foreign police of Bismarck. Foreign nolicy of Kaiser WIlliam II. Scramble for Africa.

Unit -2

Eastern Question (from 1871). Berlin Congress (1878). Young Turk Movement and the Balkan wars (1912-13). Wold War I-causes, effects. Russian Revolutions of 1905 and 1917.

Unit -3

Wilson's fourteen Principles. Paris Peace Conference. League of Nations. Rise of Fascism, internal and foreign police of Mussolini. Nazism- internal and foreign policies of Hitler.

Unit -4

Imperialism and colonialism in China and Japan; First and Second Opium wars, Demands for concessions in China. Japan- the Meiji Restoration, Modernization of Japan, Rise of Militarism. Sino-Japanese war (1894), Russo-Japanese war (1905). Taipinng Rebellion, Boxer movement. Chinese Rovolution- 1911.

Unit -5

Second Sino- Japanese war,	World politics	between	Two	world	wars.	Causes
and effects of the world war l	I.					

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B.A Semester Fifth

Subject- History

History of India - 1740 - 1857 A.D.

Unit -1

Advent of Europeans, Political trends in the mid 18th century, Anglo-French conflict in Karnataka, Third Battle of Panipat, Establishment of East India Company's rule in India- Battles of Plassey and Buxar, Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Dual government.

Unit -2

Growth of colonial administration- Warren Hastings and Lord Cornwallis, Regulating Act, Pitt's India Act, Anglo-Maratha relations, Anglo-Mysore relations, Wellesley and the Subsidiary alliance Policies.

Unit -3

Maharaja Ranjeet Singh and Anglo-Sikh relations. Lord Hastings and British Paramountcy, downfall of Marahtas, Anglo-Burmese Relations, Anglo-Afghan relations, Lord Dalhousie and the Doctrine of Lapse, Revolt of 1857-causes, nature and results.

Unit -4

Indian Renaissance, Socio-Religious movements. Raja Rammohan Roy and Brahma Samaj. Lord William Bentinck. Status of women, growth of western education. Modernization of India.

Unit -5

British Land Revenue Settlement – Permanent Settlement, Ryatwari and Mahalwari conditions of Peasants. Rural indebtedness. Commercialization of agriculture, drain of wealth. Decline of cottage industries and deindustrialization.

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B.A Semester Sixth

Subject-History

History of India from 1858 to 1950 A.D. (With Special Reference to National Movement)

Unit -1

Queen Victoria's Proclamation, Act of 1858, Indian Council Act 1861, Internal Administration of Lord Lytton and Ripon, political associations and the Indian National Congress, Indian Council Act of 1892.

Unit -2

Lord Curzon and the partition of Bengal, Swadeshi movement, moderates, extremists and revolutionaries. Government of India Act 1909. Home Rule movement, peasant and tribal movements, Lucknow Pact, Rowlat Axt, Jallianwalan Bagh massacre, Government of India Act 1919 and Dyarchy.

Unit -3

Gandhian Era, Khilafat and Non Cooperation Movement. Swarajists. Simon Commission, Lahore Congress. Civil Disobedience movement, Round Table Conferences. Government of India Act 1935 and Provincial Autonomy, Quit India Movement.

Unit -4

Cripps Mission. Shimla Conference. Cabinet Mission. Subhas Chandra Bose and the INA, Communal Politics and the Partition of India, Indian Independence Act 1947. Integration of Indian Princely States. Main features of the Indian Constitution.

Unit -5

Indian agriculture, British famine policy, nature of colonial economy, British Fiscal Policy and India's economic exploitation, rise of modern industry, expansion of trade and Commerce, Socio- religious movements-Satya Shodhak Samaj, Arya Samaj, Ramkrishna Mission, Theosophical Society, Muslim reform movements, Upliftment of women, development of education, growth of Indian Press.